

## The Hong Kong College of Anaesthesiologists

## **Intermediate Fellowship Examination**

## Written Paper in Pharmacology

Friday, 7 July 2006, 14:00 - 16:00 h

## Answer ALL questions

- 1. List the potential adverse effects of propofol infusion. How might modification of drug formulation reduce these adverse effects?
- 2. Briefly describe the adverse effects of tramadol, including potential drug interactions.
- 3. Outline the pharmacological techniques that can be used to prevent postoperative nausea and vomiting.
- 4. In a randomized clinical trial comparing the effectiveness of a new antiemetic X with control, what does the term "Number Needed-to-Treat (NNT)" mean? What are the benefits and limitations of reporting NNT?
- 5. Outline the factors that affect the onset of action of neuromuscular blocking agents.
- 6. Classify antidepressants. Outline the interactions between antidepressants and drugs that are commonly used during the perioperative period.
- 7. Which cellular receptors are involved in neurotransmission of the autonomic nervous system? How does signal transduction occur at the post-ganglionic sites?
- 8. Outline the factors that determine the toxicity of local anaesthetics.
- 9. Compare and contrast the pharmacology of gelatine based colloid solutions and hydroxyethylstarch.
- 10. How does neonatal pharmacokinetics differ from that seen in an adult?
- 11. Write short notes on the pharmacodynamic effects of nitrous oxide.
- 12. Describe the cardiovascular effects of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. What are the mechanisms by which these effects might occur?

\*\*\*\*\* END OF PAPER \*\*\*\*\*