

Instructions:

- a) For each clinical scenario there are three related short questions.
- b) There are three pre-labelled answer books. Please make sure you answer the respective scenario in the appropriate answer book.
- c) Write your examination number on the cover of each answer book.
- d) Answer <u>All</u> questions (nine questions). They worth equal marks and you should spend approximately ten minutes for each short question.
- 1. Justify your choice of muscle relaxant(s) for an otherwise well child needing rapid sequence induction for appendicectomy.
- 2. Justify the pre-operative care you would undertake with respect to chronic airways limitation in a 70 year old man who has a long history of cigarette smoking and is scheduled for elective abdominal surgery.
- 3. What is your understanding of the effects of inhalation anaesthetic agent pollution on operating theatre personnel?
- 4. Describe how you would perform a chemical lumbar sympathectomy in a patient with chronic left leg pain as a result of peripheral vascular disease.
- 5. A 74 year old man is scheduled for laser treatment of a recurrent base of tongue carcinoma. What are the risks of laser surgery in this case and how would you reduce them?
- 6. A 54yr old man (ASA1) is scheduled for elective gastrectomy tomorrow. He gives a history of minor ankle injury complicated by deep vein thrombosis 3 years previously. Briefly outline your anaesthetic management for this patient.
- 7. Outline the hazards of the use of electrically powered equipment in operating theatres and how these hazards can be minimized.
- A well 2 month old 3.5 kg boy is scheduled for day surgery inguinal hernia repair under general anaesthesia. He was born at 30 weeks gestation and required 2 weeks of ventilation in the neonatal special care baby unit. Briefly outline and justify your anaesthetic management.
- 9. A 56 year old 70 kg woman underwent L1-2 posterior spinal fusion under general anaesthesia.

A few hours post-operatively she complained of decreased vision in her right eye. *Discuss the possible intra-operative causes that might have contributed to this complication.*